#### THE UNIVERSITY OF NEW BRUNSWICK

SHARED RISK PLAN FOR ACADEMIC EMPLOYEES OF THE UNIVERSITY OF NEW BRUNSWICK

Actuarial Valuation as at July 1, 2015

March 14, 2016

Registration Number 0695478

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# Introduction

### **Purpose**

This report with respect to the Shared Risk Plan for Academic Employees of the University of New Brunswick ("AESRP") has been prepared for the Board of Trustees of the Shared Risk Plan for Academic Employees of the University of New Brunswick ("Board of Trustees"), the plan administrator, and presents the results of the actuarial valuation of the plan as at July 1, 2015.

The principal purposes of the report are:

- to present information on the financial position of the plan on the funding policy basis;
- to review the hypothetical windup status of the plan;
- to present, based on information provided by the University of New Brunswick, a set of reasonable assumptions, and on the stochastic model to be approved by the Superintendent of Pension of New Brunswick, the primary and secondary risk management results;
- to present information on the application of the funding policy, including the basis to grant escalated adjustments to members and former members, make adjustments to the initial contribution rates or reduce base benefits, if applicable; and
- to provide certain additional information required for the administration of the plan.

This report outlines the changes in the plan's financial situation since the previous actuarial valuation at July 1, 2014, provides the information and the actuarial opinion required by the *Pension Benefits Act (New Brunswick)* and Regulations thereto.

In accordance with the Shared Risk Plans Regulation to the *Pension Benefits Act (New Brunswick)*, a going concern valuation shall be performed at least once every three years to determine the maximum contributions allowed under the *Income Tax Act (Canada)*. This report has been prepared on the basis that the maximum contributions allowed under the *Income Tax Act (Canada)* for the period covered by this report shall be determined based on the results of the going concern valuation as at July 1, 2013. Consequently, a going concern valuation has not been performed as at July 1, 2015.

This report summarizes the results of the actuarial valuation and contains an actuarial opinion as an integral part of the report. Supporting detailed information on the significant terms of engagement, assets, actuarial basis, membership data and plan provisions is contained in the Appendices.

The information contained in this report was prepared for the Board of Trustees, for its internal use and for filing with the Financial and Consumer Services Commission of New Brunswick, in connection with the actuarial valuation of the plan prepared by Société Towers Watson Canada inc. ("Willis Towers Watson"). This report is not intended, nor necessarily suitable, for other parties or for other purposes. Further distribution of all or part of this report to other parties (except where such distribution is required by applicable legislation) or other use of this report is expressly prohibited without Willis Towers Watson's prior written consent. Willis Towers Watson is available to provide additional information with respect to this report to the above-mentioned intended users upon request.

The numbers in this report are not rounded. The fact that numbers are not rounded does not imply a greater level of precision than if the numbers had been rounded.

# Significant Events Since Previous Actuarial Valuation

#### **Actuarial Basis**

Since the previous actuarial valuation, there have been the following changes to the funding policy actuarial basis:

- Change to the new entrant membership profile;
- Change to the provision for non-investment expenses:
- Change to the withdrawal assumption; and
- Change to the retirement/pension commencement assumption for active and disabled members.

In addition, the capital market investment model and the assumptions used in the hypothetical windup valuation have been updated to reflect market conditions at the actuarial valuation date. Details regarding the actuarial basis can be found in Appendices C, D and E.

#### **Plan Provisions**

This actuarial valuation reflects the plan provisions as at July 1, 2015 and does not make any provision for the possibility that a change or action (retroactive or otherwise) may be imposed by order of a regulatory body or a court as we were not aware of any definitive events that would require such change or action at the time this actuarial valuation was completed.

There have been no changes to the plan provisions since the previous actuarial valuation that affect the actuarial valuation's results. Details regarding the plan provisions can be found in Appendix G.



#### **Subsequent Events**

We completed this actuarial valuation on March 14, 2016.

It is our understanding that the Board of Trustees is currently considering proposing amendments to the plan provisions in order to clarify certain administrative practices. However, these changes, if implemented, would have not material financial effect on the actuarial valuation.

To the best of our knowledge and on the basis of our discussions with the Board of Trustees, no other events which would have a material financial effect on the actuarial valuation occurred between the actuarial valuation date and the date this actuarial valuation was completed.



# Section 1: Funding Policy Financial Position

#### 1.1 Statement of Financial Position

	July 1, 2015			July 1, 2014		
		After application of funding policy		Before application of funding policy		After application of funding policy
Funding Policy Value of Assets						
Market value of assets	\$	289,514,278	\$	289,514,278	\$	272,147,767
Present value of excess contributions		84,702,823		85,164,508		77,641,153
Total funding policy value of assets	\$	374,217,101	\$	374,678,786	\$	349,788,920
Funding Policy Liability						
<ul> <li>Active and disabled members</li> </ul>	\$	164,266,082	\$	160,896,733	\$	164,477,870
<ul> <li>Retired members and beneficiaries</li> </ul>		148,929,327		146,806,704		139,780,174
<ul> <li>Terminated vested members</li> </ul>		7,556,560		7,452,934		5,397,978
Total funding policy liability	\$	320,751,969	\$	315,156,371	\$	309,656,022
Funding Policy Excess (Deficit)	\$	53,465,132	\$	59,522,415	\$	40,132,898
Open Group Funded Ratio		116.7%		118.9%		113.0%
Termination Value Funded Ratio		90.3%		91.9%		87.9%

- The financial position of the plan on a funding policy basis is determined by comparing the funding policy value of assets (market value of assets plus the present value of excess contributions as defined under subsection 1.2) over the funding policy liability. The funding policy liability is the actuarial present value of the past base benefits and past ancillary benefits, excluding escalated adjustments that do not form part of the base benefits. However, the funding policy liability does include the value of escalated adjustments in respect of future Progress-Through-the-Ranks ("PTR") adjustments, in accordance with the applicable plan provisions.
- The increase in the funding policy liability as at July 1, 2015, which would result from a 1% decrease in the assumed liability discount rate, is \$48,715,606, after application of the funding policy at that date. The decrease in the present value of excess contributions as at July 1, 2015, which would result from a 1% decrease in the assumed liability discount rate, is \$18,435,906, after application of the funding policy at that date. For purposes of this calculation, no changes were made to any of the other actuarial assumptions or actuarial methods.

#### 1.2 Determination of Present Value of Excess Contributions

The present value of excess contributions as defined under the Shared Risk Plans Regulation to the *Pension Benefits Act (New Brunswick)* is based on the following:

- For each year in the fifteen years following the actuarial valuation date, the excess of the contributions expected to be made less the funding policy normal cost;
- The discount rate used to calculate the funding policy liabilities and funding policy normal cost; and
- The projected aggregate level of earnings in respect of which contributions are expected to be made for each year in the fifteen years following the actuarial valuation date.

#### **Present Value of Excess Contributions**

	Ju	July 1, 2014	
Present value over the next 15 years	After application of funding policy	Before application of funding policy	After application of funding policy
A: Expected Contributions	\$ 221,801,957	\$ 221,801,957	\$ 220,197,809
B: Funding Policy Normal Cost	137,099,134	136,637,449	142,556,656
Excess Contributions (A – B)	\$ 84,702,823	\$ 85,164,508	\$ 77,641,153

- The present value of funding policy normal cost includes the present value of non-investment expenses.
- The aggregate level of earnings in respect of which contributions are to be made were projected using the projection assumptions detailed in Appendix C.

# 1.3 Cost of Living Adjustments

Under the shared risk plan framework, cost of living adjustments ("Base COLA") may be granted annually, subject to the plan's ability to pay and the priorities established under the funding policy. Base COLA is comprised of Base CPI COLA for members who are accruing benefits at the actuarial valuation date and Base Pension COLA for members who were receiving a pension or terminated employment prior to the actuarial valuation date. These terms are defined further in Appendix G.

The following table presents the eligible Base COLA as at the actuarial valuation date, prior to the application of the funding policy.

#### Eligible Base COLA

		Base Pe	ension COLA <sup>1</sup>
In respect of the twelve month period ending	Base CPI COLA	For benefits in respect of service prior to June 30, 2004	For benefits in respect of service on or after July 1, 2004
June 30, 2015	1.49%	1.49%	1.29%

#### Note:

#### Comment:

■ The decrease in the funding policy excess as at July 1, 2015, which would result from granting the full eligible Base COLA at that date, is \$4,684,657.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Eligible Base COLA is determined by applying the plan's target indexing formulas described in Appendix G for the relevant period, without regard to the conditional nature of such COLA.

# 1.4 Application of Funding Policy

The plan's funding policy lists the actions and priorities that will be triggered when the funding level either exceeds or falls below specified thresholds. As the open group funded ratio exceeds 105% as at July 1, 2015, the funding excess utilization plan is triggered at that date.

### **Funding Excess Utilization Plan**

Re	equired Actions	July 1, 2015
1.	Reversal of any prior reductions in base benefits	Not applicable
2.	Remove any prior increases in contribution rates	Not applicable
3.	Grant conditional Base COLA	
	<ul> <li>Funding excess available to grant Base COLA <sup>1</sup></li> </ul>	\$ 7,439,981
	<ul> <li>Cost of granting full eligible Base COLA<sup>2</sup></li> </ul>	\$ 4,684,657
	<ul> <li>Percentage of eligible Base COLA to be granted <sup>3</sup></li> </ul>	100%
4.	Grant conditional PTR Recapture	
	<ul> <li>Funding excess available to grant PTR Recapture <sup>4</sup></li> </ul>	\$ 1,377,662
	<ul> <li>Cost of granting full eligible PTR Recapture <sup>5</sup></li> </ul>	\$ 2,136,800
	<ul> <li>Percentage of eligible PTR Recapture to be granted <sup>3</sup></li> </ul>	64%
5.	Reduce contribution rates <sup>6</sup>	Not applicable

#### Notes:

#### Comment:

Details on the funding policy procedures are provided in Appendix G.

Determined as 17% of the funding excess between 105% and 140% in accordance with the plan's funding policy.

Determined as the increase in the plan's funding policy liability plus the decrease in the present value of excess contributions as at July 1, 2015, assuming the full eligible Base COLA increases, outilined in Section 1.3, are granted.

In accordance with the plan terms and administrative practice, the Base COLA and PTR Recapture granted based on the available funding excess as at July 1, 2015 shall be payable effective as of January 1, 2016.

Determined as 50% of the funding excess remaining after granting the full eligible Base COLA in accordance with the plan's funding policy.

Determined as the increase in the plan's funding policy liability plus the decrease in the present value of excess contributions as at July 1, 2015, assuming the full eligible PTR Recapture is granted. Granting full eligible PTR Recapture as at July 1, 2015 would increase the Indexed Professor Salary Ceiling to \$162,000.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Only applies if the open group funded ratio is above 140% at the actuarial valuation date.

# 1.5 Reconciliation of Funding Policy Financial Position

Funding policy excess (deficit) as at July 1, 2014		\$ 40,132,898
Less: Present value of excess contributions as at July 1, 2014		 (77,641,153)
Funding policy excess (deficit) as at July 1, 2014, excluding present value of excess contributions		\$ (37,508,255)
Contributions in excess of funding policy normal cost net of non-investment expenses		6,435,614
<ul> <li>Expected interest on:</li> <li>Funding policy excess (deficit), excluding present value of excess contributions</li> <li>Contributions in excess of funding policy normal cost net of non-investment expenses</li> </ul>	\$ (1,687,871) <u>144,801</u>	(1,543,070)
Plan experience: Investment gains (losses) Non-investment expenses gains (losses) Liability and miscellaneous gains (losses)	\$ (222,795) (577,056) (475,103)	(1,274,954)
Change in actuarial basis:  Demographic assumptions		 8,248,572
Funding policy excess (deficit) as at July 1, 2015, before application of funding policy and excluding present value of excess contributions		\$ (25,642,093)
Present value of excess contributions as at July 1, 2015, before application of funding policy		 85,164,508
Funding policy excess (deficit) as at July 1, 2015, before application of funding policy		\$ 59,522,415
Application of funding policy: Granted eligibile Base COLA Granted eligible PTR Recapture	\$ (4,684,657) (1,372,626)	 (6,057,283)
Funding policy excess (deficit) as at July 1, 2015, after application of funding policy		\$ 53,465,132

## 1.6 Reconciliation of Present Value of Excess Contributions

Present value of excess contributions as at July 1, 2014	\$ 77,641,153
Expected increase in present value of excess contributions due to rate of salary increase	2,329,235
Plan experience:  Data corrections and miscellaneous gains (losses)	(865,965)
Change in actuarial basis:  Demographic and new entrants assumptions  Provision for non-investment expenses assumption  (2,410,	6,060,085
Present value of excess contributions as at July 1, 2015, before application of funding policy	\$ 85,164,508

# Section 2: Risk Management Procedures

## 2.1 Risk Management Test Results

Risk management procedures for a shared risk plan require the use of a stochastic asset liability model to test the viability of a plan.

The primary and secondary risk management goals for the plan are set out in the funding policy in accordance with the requirements of the *Pension Benefits Act (New Brunswick)* and Regulations thereto. The primary and secondary risk management tests were conducted as at the valuation date based on 5,000 economic scenarios over a 20-year period. The results of those tests are indicated in the table below:

	July 1	July 1, 2014	
	After application of funding policy	Before application of funding policy	After application of funding policy
Primary Risk Management Test			
Proportion of scenarios that resulted in a reduction of base benefits in any year over the 20-year period	1.9% Passed	1.8% Passed	1.8% Passed
Secondary Risk Management Test Total COLA provided, on average across all stochastic simulations, as a percentage of the total eligible Base COLA over the 20-year period	84.1% Passed	83.9% Passed	87.5% Passed

#### Comments:

■ The primary risk management goal requires that at least 97.5% of the modeled outcomes will not result in the past base benefits being reduced in any year over a 20-year period starting on the actuarial valuation date. In other words, the proportion of scenarios that resulted in a reduction of base benefits in any year over the 20-year period must not equal or exceed 2.5%.

- The primary risk management goal must be reviewed at each actuarial valuation, but shall only need to be met on:
  - the Conversion Date;
  - the date a Permanent Benefit Change is made;
  - the date a Benefit Improvement is made; and
  - the date cumulative increases or cumulative decreases in contribution rates exceed the adjustments permitted by the funding policy.
- The secondary risk management goal requires that, over a 20-year period, the total COLA expected to be provided, on average across all stochastic simulations, will exceed:
  - with respect to accrued benefits for active and disabled members, 75% of the cumulative increase in Consumer Price Index (CPI); and
  - with respect to immediate and deferred pensions, 75% of the cumulative increase that would have been provided in accordance with the indexing provisions of the Prior Plan that were in effect immediately before it was converted to a shared risk plan.
- The secondary risk management goal must be reviewed at each actuarial valuation, but shall only need to be met on:
  - the Conversion Date; and
  - the date a Permanent Benefit Change is made.
- Details on the risk management procedures are provided in Appendix D.

# Section 3: Hypothetical Windup Financial Position

# 3.1 Statement of Hypothetical Windup Financial Position

	July 1, 2015	July 1, 2014
Hypothetical Windup Value of Assets		
Market value of assets Provision for plan windup expenses	\$ 289,514,278 (400,000)	\$ 272,147,767 (400,000)
Total hypothetical windup value of assets	\$ 289,114,278	\$ 271,747,767
Hypothetical Windup Liability		
<ul><li>Active and disabled members</li><li>Retired members and beneficiaries</li><li>Terminated vested members</li></ul>	\$ 312,136,461 212,967,879 15,595,379	\$ 279,961,058 192,856,306 10,576,787
Total hypothetical windup liability	\$ 540,699,719	\$ 483,394,151
Hypothetical Windup Surplus (Unfunded Hypothetical Windup Liability)	\$ (251,585,441)	\$ (211,646,384)

- The financial position of the plan on a hypothetical windup basis is determined by comparing the hypothetical windup value of assets to the hypothetical windup liability (the actuarial present value of benefits accrued in respect of credited service prior to the actuarial valuation date, calculated as if the plan were wound up on that date).
- Under the scenario of a plan windup within the first 5 years following conversion to a shared risk plan, the conversion shall be void and the Shared Risk Plan for Academic Employees of the University of New Brunswick shall be wound-up as a defined benefit plan under Part 1 of the Pension Benefits Act (New Brunswick). Consequently, the hypothetical windup liability shown in this table assumes the Pension Plan for Academic Employees of the University of New Brunswick (the Prior Plan) provisions prior to conversion would apply.

- The hypothetical windup actuarial valuation results presented in this report are determined under a scenario where, following a plan windup, the employer continues its operations.
- The increase in the hypothetical windup liability as at July 1, 2015, which would result from a 1% decrease in the assumed liability discount rate, is \$102,333,065. For purposes of this calculation, no changes were made to any of the other actuarial assumptions or actuarial methods.

# 3.2 Hypothetical Windup Incremental Cost

The hypothetical windup incremental cost for a given year represents the present value, at the actuarial valuation date, of the expected aggregate change in the defined benefit hypothetical windup liability during the year, increased for expected benefit payments during the year. The hypothetical windup incremental cost in respect of the year between July 1, 2015 and July 1, 2016 is \$21,364,894.

# Section 4: Contribution Requirements

# 4.1 Funding Policy Contribution (Ensuing Year)

	_	July 1, 2015			July 1, 2014	
		After application of unding policy		Before application of unding policy		After application of funding policy
Estimated University Contribution						
Estimated contribution	\$	8,762,389	\$	8,762,389	\$	8,504,531
Estimated payroll	\$	76,194,688	\$	76,194,688	\$	73,952,443
% of payroll (blended rate)		11.5%		11.5%		11.5%
Estimated Member Contributions						
Estimated contribution	\$	8,762,389	\$	8,762,389	\$	8,504,531
Estimated payroll	\$	76,194,688	\$	76,194,688	\$	73,952,443
% of payroll (blended rate)		11.5%		11.5%		11.5%

- In accordance with the terms of the plan, the member blended contribution rate of 11.5% shall be payable as 10.55% of pensionable salary up to the YMPE and 12.25% of pensionable salary in excess of the YMPE for each Party. The pensionable salary used to calculate the portion in excess of the YMPE as at July 1, 2015 is limited to the post-conversion maximum pensionable salary in effect at that date.
- The University of New Brunswick is required to contribute an amount equal to the total of the members' contributions.

# 4.2 Funding Policy Normal Actuarial Cost (Ensuing Year)

	July 1, 2015			_	July 1, 2014	
		After application of funding policy		Before application of unding policy		After application of funding policy
Funding policy normal actuarial cost	\$	10,766,852	\$	10,691,228	\$	10,298,730
Estimated payroll 1	\$	76,194,688	\$	76,194,688	\$	69,922,376
% of payroll		14.13%		14.03%		14.73%
Provision for non-investment expenses	\$	571,460	\$	571,460	\$	349,612
Estimated payroll <sup>1</sup>	\$	76,194,688	\$	76,194,688	\$	69,922,376
% of payroll		0.75%		0.75%		0.50%

#### Note:

#### Comments:

- The funding policy normal actuarial cost rate changed by (0.55)% of payroll due to changes in the actuarial basis and by (0.15)% of payroll due to plan experience since the previous actuarial valuation.
- The increase in the total funding policy normal actuarial cost rate in respect of the defined benefit provision between the actuarial valuation date and the next actuarial valuation date, which would result from a 1% decrease in the assumed liability discount rate, is 2.84% of payroll, after application of the funding policy. For purposes of this calculation, no changes were made to any of the other actuarial assumptions or actuarial methods.

# 4.3 Timing of Contributions

To satisfy the requirements of New Brunswick pension legislation, the required employer contributions must be paid monthly and within 15 days of the month to which it pertains. Members' contributions must also be remitted to the fund monthly and within 15 days of the month to which they pertain.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Reflects expected adjustments for members retiring during the year.

#### 4.4 Future Contribution and Benefit Levels

Future contribution levels and/or benefits provided may change as a result of future changes in the actuarial methods and assumptions, the membership data, the plan provisions and the legislative rules, or as a result of future experience gains or losses, none of which has been anticipated at this time. The funding policy provides a framework for making adjustments to the contribution rate and/or benefits. The initial contribution rate may change by up to 2.25% of pensionable salary for each Party in future years, (i.e. total maximum increase or decrease of 4.5% of payroll), as required by the funding policy. Future and/or past benefit may also change as required by the funding policy. Emerging experience, differing from the assumptions, will result in gains or losses that will be revealed in future actuarial valuations. Further details on how future contribution levels may vary are provided in Appendix G.

# Section 5: Actuarial Certification and Opinion

#### 5.1 Actuarial Certification

Based on the results of these actuarial valuations, we hereby certify that, in our opinion, as at July 1, 2015:

- The funding policy excess (funding policy deficit), determined by comparing the funding policy liability, the measure of obligations of the plan on a funding policy basis, to the funding policy value of assets, is \$59,522,415, before application of the funding policy.
- In accordance with the funding policy, \$4,684,657 of the funding policy excess can be used to provide 100% of the eligible Base COLA.
- In accordance with the funding policy, \$1,372,626 of the funding policy excess can be used to provide 64% of the eligible PTR Recapture.
- The funding policy excess (funding policy deficit), determined by comparing the funding policy liability, the measure of obligations of the plan on a funding policy basis, to the funding policy value of assets, is \$53,465,132, after application of the funding policy.
- The results of the primary and secondary risk management tests conducted as at the actuarial valuation date based on 5,000 economic scenarios over a 20-year period are:

	After application of funding policy
Primary Risk Management Test	
Proportion of scenarios that resulted in a reduction of	1.9%
base benefits in any year over the 20-year period	Passed
Secondary Risk Management Test	
Total COLA provided, on average across all stochastic	
simulations, as a percentage of the total eligible Base	84.1%
COLA over the 20-year period	Passed

- The hypothetical windup surplus (unfunded hypothetical windup liability), determined by comparing the hypothetical windup liability, the measure of the obligations of the plan on a hypothetical windup basis, to the hypothetical windup value of assets, is \$(251,585,441).
- In accordance with the plan provisions, the funding policy and paragraph 9 of the Shared Risk Plans Regulation to the *Pension Benefits Act (New Brunswick)*, the Parties are required to make the total contributions until the effective date of the next actuarial opinion as follows:

		After application of funding policy
Estimated University Contribution		
Estimated contribution Estimated payroll % of payroll (blended rate)	\$ \$	8,762,389 76,194,688 11.5%
<b>Estimated Member Contributions</b>		
Estimated contribution Estimated payroll % of payroll (blended rate)	\$ \$	8,762,389 76,194,688 11.5%

- The open group funded ratio, defined as the ratio of the of the market value of assets plus the present value of contributions in excess of normal cost during the next 15 years to the funding policy liabilities, is 116.7%, after application of the funding policy.
- The termination value funded ratio, defined as the ratio of the market value of assets to the funding policy liabilities, is 90.3%, after application of the funding policy.
- The hypothetical windup ratio, defined as the ratio of the hypothetical windup value of assets to the hypothetical windup liabilities, is 53.5%.
- In accordance with the Shared Risk Plans Regulation to the *Pension Benefits Act (New Brunswick)*, the next funding policy actuarial valuation should be performed with an effective date not later than July 1, 2016. The basis for University contributions presented in this report is effective until the next actuarial opinion is filed.
- The pension benefits provided under the plan are not subject to the limitation imposed under Section 8504(6) of the Regulations to the *Income Tax Act (Canada)*.

# 5.2 Limitation of Analysis for Risk Management Tests

The analysis contained in this report involves actuarial calculations and stochastic modeling. This requires that we make assumptions about future events. We have used assumptions that we believe are reasonable and appropriate for the purpose for which they have been used. Other assumptions may also be reasonable and could result in substantially different results.

In addition, because it is not possible or practical to model all aspects of a situation, we use summary information, estimates, or simplifications of calculations to facilitate the modeling of future events. We may also exclude factors or data that are immaterial in our judgment. We believe that we have not oversimplified the situation being modeled and have not inappropriately included or excluded any items.

Naturally, future events and actual experience will vary from the assumptions we have employed and calculations prepared with actual data will vary from estimates or summaries used for modeling purposes. As these differences arise, contribution levels and benefits payable under the plan will be adjusted in accordance with the priorities set out under the funding policy.

Because of the nature of the primary and secondary risk management objectives set out in the applicable Shared Risk Plans Regulation to the *Pension Benefits Act (New Brunswick)*, the modeled results may be acutely sensitive to changes in the assumptions employed and the model used. While the Willis Towers Watson model and the assumptions employed will need to be approved for use by the New Brunswick Superintendent of Pensions, it is important to note that other acceptable models and assumptions could in theory produce different results. The results presented in this report are not intended nor should they be interpreted to represent a guarantee or warranty with respect to the future financial condition of the Shared Risk Plan for Academic Employees of the University of New Brunswick. Moreover, any determinations of probabilities based on the model represent simulated outcomes and should not be interpreted as being actual probabilities.

# 5.3 Actuarial Opinion

In our opinion:

- the membership data on which the actuarial valuations are based are sufficient and reliable for the purposes of the risk management procedures and funding policy and hypothetical windup valuations,
- the assumptions are appropriate for the purposes of the risk management procedures and funding policy and hypothetical windup valuations, and
- the methods employed in the actuarial valuations are appropriate for the purposes of the risk management procedures and funding policy and hypothetical windup valuations.

This report has been prepared, and our opinions given, in accordance with accepted actuarial practice in Canada. The actuarial valuations have been conducted in accordance with our understanding of the funding and solvency standards prescribed by the *Pension Benefits Act (New Brunswick)* and Regulations thereto, and in accordance with our understanding of the requirements of the *Income Tax Act (Canada)* and Regulations thereto. This actuarial opinion forms an integral part of the report.

The results presented in this report have been developed using a particular set of actuarial assumptions. Other results could have been developed by selecting different actuarial assumptions. The results presented in this report are reasonable actuarial results based on actuarial assumptions reflecting our expectation of future events.

Société Towers Watson Canada inc.

Svlvie Hébert

Fellow of the Canadian Institute of Actuaries

Jonathan Morin

Fellow of the Canadian Institute of Actuaries

Montréal, Québec March 14, 2016

# Appendix A: Significant Terms of Engagement

For purposes of preparing this actuarial valuation report, the Board of Trustees has directed that:

- The actuarial valuation is to be prepared as at July 1, 2015.
- For the purpose of the funding policy valuation, the terms of engagement require the use of the actuarial basis and actuarial cost method, as described in Appendix C.
- For the purpose of the risk management procedures, the terms of engagement require the use of the actuarial basis described in Appendix D.
- For the purposes of determining the margin for adverse deviations in the discount rate used for the funding policy valuation and the risk management procedures, the target asset allocation should reflect the target asset allocation approved by the Board of Trustees in January 2015. There are no expectations that this target asset allocation will be further modified in the near future.
- This report is to be prepared on the basis that the maximum contributions allowed under the Income Tax Act (Canada) for the period covered by this report shall be determined based on the results of the going concern valuation as at July 1, 2013, as detailed in the report dated March 27, 2014. Consequently, a going concern valuation has not been performed as at July 1, 2015.
- This report is to be prepared on the basis that there will be no retroactive changes to previously filed partial windup reports, if any, and neither the applicable pension regulator nor the plan sponsor will order/declare any partial plan windup with an effective date prior to the actuarial valuation date.
- The hypothetical windup valuation results presented in this report are to be determined under a scenario where the employer continues to operate and certain expenses are paid from the pension fund (consistent with past practice) while the employer pays other plan expenses.
- This report is to be prepared on the basis that the employer is entitled to apply the actuarial surplus, if any, revealed in an actuarial valuation report to meet its contribution requirements under the plan while the plan remains a going concern, to the extent permitted by applicable pension legislation and the funding policy. (This report does not address the disposition of any surplus assets remaining in the event of plan windup.) If an applicable pension regulator or other entity with jurisdiction directs otherwise, certain financial measures contained in this report, including contribution requirements, may be affected.

Should these directions from the plan administrator be amended or withdrawn, Willis Towers Watson reserves the right to amend or withdraw this report.

# Appendix B: Assets

#### Statement of Market Value

	July 1, 2015	July 1, 2014
Invested assets:		
<ul><li>Bonds</li></ul>	\$ 123,172,423	\$ 115,746,095
<ul> <li>Canadian equities</li> </ul>	56,057,915	56,942,643
Global equities	106,537,967	95,871,087
<ul> <li>Cash and short-term investments</li> </ul>	3,787,368	3,704,148
<ul> <li>Total invested assets</li> </ul>	\$ 289,555,673	\$ 272,263,973
Net outstanding amounts:		
<ul> <li>Prepaid expenses / account receivable</li> </ul>	\$ 96,724	\$ 77,094
<ul> <li>Contributions receivable</li> </ul>	471,000	322,062
<ul> <li>Benefits payable</li> </ul>	(222,643)	(106,635)
<ul> <li>Expenses and other payables</li> </ul>	(386,476)	(408,727)
<ul> <li>Total net outstanding amounts</li> </ul>	\$ (41,395)	\$ (116,206)
Total	\$ 289,514,278	\$ 272,147,767

- The invested assets are held by RBC Dexia Investor Services under account number 232-M02291-MT.
- The data relating to the invested assets are based on the financial statements prepared by the University of New Brunswick and by RBC Dexia Investor Services. The data relating to net outstanding amounts were provided by the University of New Brunswick. All such data has been relied upon by Willis Towers Watson following tests of reasonableness with respect to contributions, benefit payments and investment income. However, Willis Towers Watson has not independently audited or verified this data.
- The outstanding contributions receivable of \$471,000 are comprised of \$235,500 of employee contributions and \$235,500 of employer contributions.

#### **Asset Class Distribution**

The following table shows the target asset allocation stipulated by the plan's investment policy in respect of various major asset classes and the actual asset allocation as at July 1, 2015.

	Target asset allocation 1	Asset allocation as at July 1, 2015 <sup>2</sup>
Equities:		
Canadian equities	14.0%	19.4%
Global equities	19.0%	36.8%
Global equities – low volatility	10.0%	0.0%
Alternatives:		
Real estate	7.5%	0.0%
Infrastructure	7.5%	0.0%
Fixed Income:		
Universe bonds	18.5%	42.5%
Global bonds	23.5%	0.0%
Long bonds	0.0%	0.0%
Cash and short-term investments	0.0%	1.3%
Total	100.0%	100.0%

#### Notes:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Target asset allocation approved by the Board of Trustees in January 2015. Gradual transition to the target asset allocation was started in 2015 and is expected to continue throughout 2016.

This information was obtained from The University of New Brunswick. All such data has been relied upon by Willis Towers Watson and compared against the target asset allocation in effect at that time to assess reasonableness. However, Willis Towers Watson has not independently audited or verified this data.

# **Reconciliation of Total Assets (Market Value)**

Assets as at July 1, 2014			\$ 272,147,767
Receipts:			
Contributions:	<b>c</b>	0.544.070	
•	\$	8,541,978	
<ul> <li>Members' contributions</li> </ul>		8,541,978	17,083,956
<ul> <li>Investment return, net of investment expenses</li> </ul>			12,141,419
<ul> <li>Total receipts</li> </ul>			\$ 29,225,375
Disbursements:			
Benefit payments:			
<ul> <li>Pension payments</li> </ul>	\$	10,337,798	
<ul> <li>Lump sum settlements</li> </ul>		594,398	\$ 10,932,196
<ul> <li>Non-investment expenses</li> </ul>		_	926,668
<ul> <li>Total disbursements</li> </ul>			\$ 11,858,864
Assets as at July 1, 2015			\$ 289,514,278

- This reconciliation is based on the financial statements issued by the University of New Brunswick and by RBC Dexia Investor Services. All such data has been relied upon by Willis Towers Watson following tests of reasonableness with respect to contributions, benefit payments and investment income. However, Willis Towers Watson has not independently audited or verified this data.
- The rate of return earned on the market value of assets, net of investment expenses, from July 1, 2014 to July 1, 2015 is approximately 4.4% p.a.

# Appendix C: Actuarial Basis – Funding Policy

#### **Methods**

#### Asset Valuation Method

The funding policy value of assets was calculated as the sum of the market value of invested assets at the actuarial valuation date, adjusted for net outstanding amounts, and the present value of excess contributions.

#### Present Value of Excess Contributions

The present value of excess contributions as defined under the Shared Risk Plans Regulation to the *Pension Benefits Act (New Brunswick)* is based on the following:

- For each year, in the fifteen years following the valuation date, the excess of the contributions expected to be made in the year less the funding policy normal cost;
- The discount rate used to calculate the funding policy liabilities and funding policy normal cost;
   and
- The projected aggregate level of earnings in respect of which contributions are to be made in each year in the fifteen years following the actuarial valuation date.

#### Actuarial Cost Method

The funding policy liability and the funding policy normal actuarial cost in respect of base benefits were calculated using the projected unit credit cost method.

Prospective benefits were calculated for each active and disabled member according to the plan provisions and actuarial assumptions. The funding policy liability was calculated as the actuarial present value of the member's prospective base benefits and ancillary benefits accrued for credited service to date (the benefit accrual method), excluding any escalated adjustments that do not form part of the base benefits at the actuarial valuation date. However, the funding policy liability does include the value of any escalated adjustments attributable to future PTR Adjustments in respect of credited service prior to the actuarial valuation date, based on the Indexed PTR Adjustment in effect at the actuarial valuation date. The calculation of the actuarial present value of the member's prospective benefits is at least equal to the member's contributions with interest.

The funding policy liability for retired members and beneficiaries and terminated vested members was calculated as the actuarial present value of their respective benefits.

The funding policy normal actuarial cost in respect of benefits for each active and disabled member was calculated as the actuarial present value of the member's prospective base benefits and ancillary benefits accruing in respect of credited service in the ensuing year, excluding any escalated adjustments that will not form part of the base benefits in the year following the actuarial valuation date. However, the funding policy normal actuarial cost does include the value of any escalated adjustments attributable to future PTR Adjustments in respect of credited service in the ensuing year, based on the Indexed PTR Adjustment in effect at the actuarial valuation date. The funding policy normal actuarial cost rate in respect of benefits determined by the projected unit credit cost method will be stable over time if the demographic characteristics of the active and disabled plan membership remain stable from actuarial valuation to actuarial valuation. All other things being equal, an active and disabled membership whose average age increases (decreases) between actuarial valuations will result in an increasing (decreasing) funding policy normal actuarial cost rate.

# **Actuarial Assumptions**

	July 1, 2015	July 1, 2014
Economic Assumptions (per annum)	July 1, 2010	ouly 1, 2011
Liability discount rate	4.50%	4.50%
Rate of inflation	2.00%	2.00%
Rate of salary increase	3.00% plus annual PTR Adjustments	3.00% plus annual PTR Adjustments
Escalation in PTR Adjustment and professor salary ceiling <sup>1</sup>	3.00%	3.00%
Escalation of <i>Income Tax Act (Canada)</i> maximum pension limitation <sup>2</sup>	3.00%	3.00%
Base COLA		
<ul> <li>Base CPI COLA (active and disabled members)</li> </ul>	Nil	Nil
<ul> <li>Base Pension COLA (other members)</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>Service before June 30, 2004</li> </ul>	Nil	Nil
<ul> <li>Service from July 1, 2004 onward</li> </ul>	Nil	Nil
PTR Recapture	Nil	Nil
Demographic Assumptions		
Mortality	2014 Public Sector Canadian Pensioners' Mortality Table, projected generationally using Scale B, adjusted for industry classification (86.6% Male and 94.2% Female)	2014 Public Sector Canadian Pensioners' Mortality Table, projected generationally using Scale B, adjusted for industry classification (86.6% Male and 94.2% Female)
Withdrawal	Service-related rates (refer to Table 1)	Service-related rates (refer to Table 1)
Disability incidence/recovery	Nil	Nil
Retirement/pension commencement		
<ul> <li>Active and disabled members</li> </ul>	Age-related rates (refer to Table 2)	Age-related rates (refer to Table 2)
<ul> <li>Terminated vested members</li> </ul>	Age 65	Age 65
New Entrant Assumptions <sup>3</sup>		
Reduction in complement	-0.25% per annum	-0.25% per annum
New entrant membership profile	Refer to Table 3	Refer to Table 3

	July 1, 2015	July 1, 2014
Other		
Percentage of members with eligible spouses at pension commencement and electing joint and survivor pension form	90%	90%
Years male spouse older than female spouse	3	3
Percentage of members with eligible dependant other than spouse	0%	0%
Provision for non-investment expenses	0.75% of payroll	0.50% of payroll

#### Notes:

- <sup>1</sup> The PTR Adjustment and professor salary ceiling figures of \$2,784 and \$162,000, respectively, as at July 1, 2015 were projected at 3.00% per annum starting in 2016. The estimated PTR Adjustment and professor salary ceiling figures of \$2,854 and \$158,645, respectively, were used as at July 1, 2014.
- The Income Tax Act (Canada) maximum pension limit of \$2,818.89 per year of service in 2015 is the starting value for maximum pension limit projection as at the current valuation and is indexed starting in 2016. The Income Tax Act (Canada) maximum pension at retirement is used to ensure that pension at retirement, including escalated adjustments in respect of future PTR Adjustments, does not exceed the limit.
- $^{3}$  Assumptions used for the purpose of determining the present value of excess contributions.

Table 1 — Withdrawal Rates

	July 1, 2015	July 1, 2014
Service	%	%
0	14.0%	6.0%
1	12.0%	6.0%
2	10.0%	6.0%
3	8.0%	6.0%
4	6.0%	6.0%
5	4.0%	2.0%
6	3.5%	2.0%
7	3.0%	2.0%
8	2.5%	2.0%
9	2.0%	2.0%
10 – 14	1.5%	1.0%
15 – 19	1.0%	0.5%
20 – 24	1.0%	0.5%
25 and over	Nil	Nil

Table 2 — Retirement Rates

	July 1, 2015		July 1, 2014		
Age	% If 85 points <sup>1</sup>	% Otherwise	% If 85 points	% Otherwise	
55 – 57	5%	2%	0%	0%	
58 – 61	10%	4%	8%	4%	
62 - 64	15%	10%	15%	4%	
65	50%	50%	100%	100%	
66 - 70	20%	20%	100%	100%	
71 and over	100%	100%	100%	100%	

#### Note:

Applicable only for retirement prior to July 1, 2030.

## Table 3 — New entrant membership profile

	July 1, 2015		July 1, 2014	
■ Number <sup>1</sup>	24		24	
<ul> <li>Average age</li> </ul>	40		41	
<ul> <li>Average credited service</li> </ul>	0		0	
<ul> <li>Average pensionable salary</li> </ul>	\$ 89,012	\$	79,513	

#### Note:

Number of distinct new entrant profiles. Actual number of new entrants in a given year will be determined in accordance with the expected decrements and the complement reduction assumption.

#### **Rationale for Actuarial Assumptions**

The rationale for the material actuarial assumptions used in the funding policy valuation is summarized below.

The assumptions do not include margins for adverse deviations, except as noted below.

#### Liability discount rate

The liability discount rate of 4.50% per annum is specified in the funding policy. The assumption was determined by the Parties in a manner consistent with the purposes of the Shared Risk Plan for Academic Employees of the University of New Brunswick, the funding policy, the investment policy and the risk management goals and procedures. In accordance with the Shared Risk Plan Regulation to the *Pension Benefits Act (New Brunswick)*, the liability discount rate is to remain unchanged for the two actuarial valuations following the Conversion Date.

This assumption includes the margin for adverse deviations described below. The economic assumptions used for determining the margin for adverse deviations included in the liability discount rate have been developed based on Willis Towers Watson's capital market model. The capital market model simulates economic variables (e.g. inflation and yields) and asset class returns, with the assumptions being developed through both the analysis of historical rates and returns, and the application of econometric theory. In modeling inflation and bond yields, current conditions and long term expectations are used and the serial correlation inherent in these parameters is recognized.

Our long term nominal rate of return assumption was determined using the expected long term asset mix for the plan based on the target asset allocation approved by the Board of Trustees in January 2015.

Based on Willis Towers Watson's capital market model, a best estimate long term gross nominal rate of return as of July 1, 2015 of 5.80% is appropriate. The following adjustments were subsequently made before selecting the long term nominal rate of return assumption:

•	Best estimate long term nominal rate of return before adjustments	5.80%
•	Adjustment for investment expenses paid by the plan (excluding active management fees)	(0.05)

Best estimate long term nominal rate of return after adjustments
 5.75%

In determining the best estimate long term nominal rate of return after adjustements, we have assumed that additional returns associated with employing an active investment management strategy would equal the additional expenses associated with employing such strategy. Consequently, any potential additional returns have been ignored.

- 000/

After rounding the best estimate long term nominal rate of return after adjustments to the nearest 0.25%, a 1.25% margin for adverse deviations would be required to obtain the liability discount rate of 4.50%.

#### Rate of inflation

The assumption reflects an estimate of future rate of inflation considering economic and financial market conditions at the actuarial valuation date.

#### Rate of salary increase

The assumption reflects an assumed rate of inflation of 2.00% per annum, plus an allowance of 1.00% per annum to reflect the effect of real economic growth and productivity gains in the economy. In addition, Pensionable Salary is also assumed to increase annually with future PTR Adjustments until the Pensionable Salary exceeds the salary ceiling of the rank of professor.

#### Escalation in PTR Adjustment and professor salary ceiling

The assumption reflects an assumed rate of inflation of 2.00% per annum, plus an allowance of 1.00% per annum to reflect the effect of real economic growth and productivity gains in the economy.

#### Escalation of Income Tax Act (Canada) maximum pension limitation

The maximum pension limitation under the *Income Tax Act (Canada)* is scheduled to be indexed annually based on assumed increases in the Industrial Aggregate Wage index. The assumption reflects an assumed rate of inflation of 2.00% per annum, plus an allowance of 1.00% per annum for the effect of real economic growth and productivity gains in the economy.

#### Base COLA

No allowance for future Base COLA is included in the liability. This assumption is consistent with the requirements of the Shared Risk Plans Regulation to the *Pension Benefits Act (New Brunswick)*.

#### PTR Recapture

No allowance for future PTR Recapture is included. This assumption is consistent with the requirements of the Shared Risk Plans Regulation to the *Pension Benefits Act (New Brunswick)*.

#### Mortality

The 2014 Public Sector Canadian Pensioners' Mortality Table (CPM2014Publ) is based on a mortality experience study for calendar years 1999 to 2008 conducted by the Canadian Institute of Actuaries on

a sample of Canadian registered pension plans. The CPM2014Publ table allows adjustments to the mortality rates based on pension size and/or industry classification. Base mortality rates were adjusted based on an educational institution adjustment factor. Improvement Scale B (CPM-B) is a two-dimensional scale developed by the Canadian Institute of Actuaries based primarily on the mortality experience of pensioners under the Canada Pension Plan (CPP) and the Québec Pension Plan (QPP) up to 2007 as well as the assumptions used in the 26<sup>th</sup> CPP Actuarial Report.

Base mortality rates from the CPM2014Publ table, adjusted by the educational institution adjustment factor, are considered reasonable for the actuarial valuation of the plan given that the mortality experience of the plan membership is insufficient to assess plan-specific experience, and there is no reason to expect the mortality experience of the plan to differ significantly from that of other pension plans covering membership groups with similar characteristics. Applying improvement scale CPM-B generationally provides allowance for improvements in mortality after 2014 and is considered reasonable for projecting mortality experience into the future.

#### Withdrawal

The rates of withdrawal were developed based on a review of plan experience over the 5-year period ending July 1, 2015 and an assessment of future expectations.

At the previous actuarial valuation, the rates of withdrawal were developed based on a review of plan experience over the 5-year period from 2004 to 2008 and an assessment of future expectations.

#### Disability incidence/recovery

There are no disability benefits under the plan other than the accrual of retirement income (earnings remain constant) during disability. Consequently, the assumption of no incidence of disability or recovery therefrom makes an appropriate allowance, in combination with the other assumptions, for such continued accruals.

#### Retirement from active membership

The rates of retirement were developed based on a review of plan experience over the 5-year period ending July 1, 2015 and an assessment of future expectations. All members are assumed to commence their pension at retirement date.

At the previous actuarial valuation, the rates of retirement were developed based on a review of plan experience over the 5-year period from 2004 to 2008 and an assessment of future expectations. All members are assumed to commence their pension at retirement date.

#### Pension commencement after termination of employment

All terminated members are assumed to commence their pension at age 65, as the plan's termination benefit does not provide a significant early retirement subsidy. An assumption of pension commencement prior to the normal retirement age would not have a material impact on the actuarial valuation results.

#### Reduction in complement

As specified in the funding policy, retiring and terminating members are assumed to be partially replaced by new entrants such that the active membership will decrease by 5% over a 20-year period following the valuation date.

#### New entrant membership profile

The profile for new entrants used for purposes of the demographic projections was developed based on the age, earnings and gender of actual new entrants in the plan over the 4-year period ending July 1, 2015.

# Percentage of members with eligible spouses at pension commencement and electing joint and survivor pension form

When provided, the actual data on the spouse and form of payment were used for retired members. For other members, the assumed percentage of members with a spouse is based on the percentages for the general population. All members with eligible spouses were assumed to elect a joint and survivor pension form.

#### Years male spouse older than female spouse

When provided, the actual data on the spouse were used for retired members. For other members, the assumption is based on surveys of the age difference in the general population and an assessment of future expectations for members of the plan.

#### Provision for non-investment expenses

The liability discount rate is net of investment expenses (with the exception of any fees associated with employing an active investment management strategy). An explicit provision has been made in the funding policy normal cost for non-investment related expenses expected to be paid from the pension fund. The assumed level of expenses is based on recent experience of the plan and an assessment of future expectations.

# Appendix D: Actuarial Basis – Risk Management Procedures

#### **Methods**

#### Capital Market Investment Model Assumptions

The risk management procedures were performed using a custom stochastic capital market investment model developed based on the model adopted for the plan at the Conversion Date, updated to reflect current market conditions and future expectations prevailing at July 1, 2015. This custom stochastic capital market model and associated Capital Market Assumptions are based on the following set of principles:

- It is designed to simulate a wide range of plausible scenarios of future capital market performance (based on 5,000 stochastic simulations).
- Results should not be interpreted as a prediction of exact capital market performance for any period.
- It reflects the capital market conditions prevailing at the starting date of the simulation. The transition from these initial conditions to assumed long-term levels is a significant factor underlying the simulation results.
- The long-term average, or normative, levels incorporate a blend of historical capital market data and future expectations. The sources consulted in the determination of normative levels include practitioners in our global actuarial and investment consulting practices, plan sponsors, investment managers, economists, and academicians.
- Asset classes (equities, alternatives and bonds), the Government of Canada yield curve and inflation are included in the capital market model. Each is simulated from a Canadian Dollar perspective.
- Willis Towers Watson's Global Investment Committee provides the framework in which we develop our economic and capital market assumptions, including interest rates and other asset portfolio assumptions, for the purpose of the standard Willis Towers Watson Canadian capital market investment model for use in asset/liability modeling studies for Canadian plans. From time to time, structural changes are also made to the standard model. In order to maintain consistency with the model adopted for the plan at the Conversion Date, structural changes made to the standard model since July 1, 2013 have not been reflected in the custom model for the purpose of performing the risk management procedures for the plan as at July 1, 2015.

Nevertheless, this custom model remains consistent with the broad economic views of Towers Watson's Global Investment Committee as at July 1, 2015.

#### Stochastic Asset/Liability Model

The stochastic simulations have been performed over a 20-year projection period using ALPro, our proprietary comprehensive stochastic asset/liability modeling system. Our proprietary tools enable us to create detailed liability forecasts using plan membership data from the most recent actuarial valuation of the plan. The financial module of ALPro combines the results of the liability forecasts with asset portfolio simulations to generate integrated financial results on a stochastic basis using a variety of assumptions. The ALPro system also has the flexibility to analyze any of a plan's financial results, including all forms of plan cost, surplus measures, funded ratios and cash flows.

This tool captures the funding policy requirements and risk management framework applicable to shared risk plans. Specifically, the tool determines what funding policy actions would be triggered in each year over the 20-year projection period, based on the projected funding policy valuation results for each simulated economic scenario. For the purpose of the risk management tests, once COLA has been granted in a given year, it forms part of the base benefits for the remaining years of that simulated economic scenario.

Additional details on the assumptions underlying this simulation are provided in the following tables.

## **Actuarial Assumptions for Projected Funding Policy Valuations**

The actuarial basis used for the projected funding policy valuations in each subsequent year during the 20-year projection period is the same as the actuarial basis used for the funding policy valuation as at July 1, 2015, as described in Appendix C, regardless of the simulated experience in effect for a given economic scenario up to the subsequent actuarial valuation date.

# **Projection Assumptions for Annual Plan Experience**

**Economic Assumptions (per annum)** 

Fund rate of return on plan assets

Varies by stochastic scenario

Varies by stochastic scenario

Rate of salary increase Inflation + 1% plus annual PTR

Adjustments

Escalation in PTR Adjustment and professor salary ceiling <sup>2</sup> Inflation + 1% Escalation of YMPE under Canada/Québec Pension Plan <sup>3</sup> Inflation + 1%

Escalation of Income Tax Act (Canada) maximum pension Inflation + 1%

limitation4

Eligible Base COLA

Base CPI COLA (active and disabled members)
 100% of inflation <sup>5</sup>

Base Pension COLA (other members)

Service before June 30, 2004
 Service from July 1, 2004 onward
 100% of inflation <sup>5</sup>
 33% of inflation <sup>5</sup>

PTR Recapture Nil

**Demographic Assumptions** 

Mortality 2014 Public Sector Canadian

Pensioners' Mortality Table, projected generationally using Scale B, adjusted for industry classification (86.6% Male

and 94.2% Female) 6

Withdrawal Service-related rates (refer to Table 1 in

Appendix C)

Disability incidence/recovery Nil

Retirement/pension commencement

Active and disabled members
 Age-related rates (refer to Table 2 in

Appendix C)

Terminated vested members
 Age 65

Future credited service accruals for active and disabled

members

Full service credited each year until

decrement age

**New Entrant Assumptions** 

Reduction in complement -0.25% per annum

New entrant membership profile Refer to Table 3 in Appendix C

Other	
Percentage of members with eligible spouses at pension commencement and electing joint and survivor pension form	90%
Years male spouse older than female spouse	3
Percentage of members with eligible dependant other than spouse	0%
Provision for non-investment expenses	0.75% of payroll

#### Notes:

- Based on the the target asset allocation approved by the Board of Trustees in January 2015 and the underlying economic scenario each year.
- The PTR Adjustment and professor salary ceiling figures of \$2,784 and \$162,000, respectively, as at July 1, 2015 were projected to each subsequent valuation date during the 20-year projection period, based on the applicable rate of inflation for a given economic scenario.
- <sup>3</sup> The YMPE of \$53,600 for 2015 is the starting value for the YMPE projection and is indexed starting in 2016.
- <sup>4</sup> The Income Tax Act (Canada) maximum pension limit of \$2,818.89 per year of service in 2015 is the starting value for maximum pension limit projection and is indexed starting in 2016.
- <sup>5</sup> Subject to the funding excess utilization priorities described in Appendix G, eligible Base COLA will only be granted over the 20-year projected period when the necessary funding excess is projected to be available for a given economic scenario.

# **Capital Market Assumptions**

#### **Summary Statistics**

Summary Assumptions for July 1, 2015 UNB Customized Asset Model									
	1st Year	Returns	10th Year	Returns	10 Year	Returns	20 Year Returns		
Asset Class	Arithmetic Mean	Standard Deviation	Arithmetic Mean	Standard Deviation	Geometric Mean	Average STD	Geometric Mean	Average STD	
Inflation	2.0%	1.6%	2.0%	2.2%	2.0%	2.1%	2.0%	2.2%	
Canadian Fixed Income									
Cash / T-Bills	0.7%	0.8%	2.8%	2.1%	2.0%	1.7%	2.5%	1.9%	
Universe Bonds	1.6%	4.8%	3.3%	4.5%	2.2%	4.7%	3.1%	4.6%	
Long Term Bonds	1.6%	10.4%	3.6%	8.4%	2.2%	9.3%	3.1%	8.8%	
Other Fixed Income									
Emerging Market Debt	2.5%	9.0%	5.5%	9.0%	3.6%	9.0%	4.6%	9.0%	
Multi-Strategy Credit	2.0%	7.0%	3.5%	6.9%	2.6%	6.9%	3.0%	7.0%	
Global Bonds ex-Canada (h)	-0.3%	3.1%	3.2%	3.4%	1.8%	3.3%	2.7%	3.3%	
Equity Investments									
Cdn Large Cap	6.3%	21.1%	8.5%	21.1%	5.8%	21.1%	6.2%	21.1%	
Global (u)	5.6%	16.8%	8.3%	16.9%	6.2%	16.9%	6.6%	16.9%	
Global Low Vol (u)	4.7%	12.1%	6.9%	12.1%	5.4%	12.1%	6.0%	12.1%	
Alternatives									
Real Estate	3.5%	9.9%	6.2%	9.9%	4.9%	9.9%	5.5%	9.9%	
Infrastructure	4.9%	16.0%	7.7%	16.0%	5.7%	16.0%	6.2%	16.0%	

Note: for asset classes with foreign currency exposure, (u) indicates unhedged and (h) indicates hedged

#### Correlations for 10 year Cumulative Returns

		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1	Inflation	1.0											
2	Cash / T-Bills	0.3	1.0										
3	Universe Bonds	(0.2)	0.0	1.0									
4	Long Term Bonds	(0.2)	(0.1)	1.0	1.0								
5	Emerging Market Debt	(0.4)	0.0	0.3	0.3	1.0							
6	Multi-Strategy Credit	(0.3)	0.0	0.4	0.4	0.7	1.0						
7	Global Bonds ex-Canada (h)	(0.2)	0.0	0.4	0.4	0.2	0.2	1.0					
8	Cdn Large Cap	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.4	0.3	0.0	1.0				
9	Global (u)	(0.1)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.4	0.3	0.1	0.6	1.0			
10	Global Low Vol (u)	(0.2)	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.4	0.4	0.2	0.6	1.0	1.0		
11	Real Estate	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.3	0.0	0.3	0.3	0.3	1.0	
12	Infrastructure	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.2	0.0	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	1.0

#### Rationale for Projection Assumptions for Annual Plan Experience

The rationale for the material actuarial assumptions used to project the annual plan experience for the risk management procedures is summarized below.

The assumptions do not include margins for adverse deviations.

#### Fund rate of return on plan assets

The experience varies annually by economic scenario in accordance with the Capital Market Assumptions and stochastic simulations described herein.

#### Rate of inflation

The experience varies annually by economic scenario in accordance with the Capital Market Assumptions and stochastic simulations described herein.

#### Rate of salary increase

The assumption reflects an allowance of 1.00% per annum to reflect the effect of real economic growth and productivity gains in the economy over the inflation experience for a given economic scenario. In addition, Pensionable Salary is also assumed to increase annually with future PTR Adjustments until the Pensionable Salary exceeds the salary ceiling of the rank of professor.

#### Escalation in PTR Adjustment and professor salary ceiling

The assumption reflects an allowance of 1.00% per annum to reflect the effect of real economic growth and productivity gains in the economy over the inflation experience for a given economic scenario.

#### Escalation of YMPE under Canada/Québec Pension Plan

The YMPE is indexed annually based on increases in the Industrial Aggregate Wage index for Canada. The assumption reflects an allowance of 1.00% per annum for the effect of real economic growth and productivity gains in the economy over the inflation experience for a given economic scenario.

#### Escalation of Income Tax Act (Canada) maximum pension limitation

The maximum pension limitation under the *Income Tax Act (Canada)* is scheduled to be indexed annually based on assumed increases in the Industrial Aggregate Wage index. The assumption

reflects an allowance of 1.00% per annum for the effect of real economic growth and productivity gains in the economy over the inflation experience for a given economic scenario.

#### Base CPI COLA

This assumption has been determined based on the underlying inflation experience for a given economic scenario.

#### Base Pension COLA

The assumption has been determined as an approximation of the annual indexing that would result, on average, from the application of the target indexing formulas specified in the plan provisions, based on the underlying inflation experience for a given economic scenario.

#### PTR Recapture

Due to the complexity of the stochastic projections, the potential PTR Recapture over and above annual inflation has been ignored. If PTR Recapture had been reflected in the stochastic projections, both the number of scenarios which would result in a reduction in base benefits in any year over the 20-year period and the cumulative indexing as a percentage of targeted COLA would have been slightly higher than indicated in this report. However, it is not expected that this would result in failure of the risk management test results indicated in this report.

#### Demographic Assumptions

See rationale for funding policy assumptions in Appendix C for demographic assumptions.

#### Rationale for Capital Market Assumptions

The rationale for the Capital Market Assumptions is described on page D-1.

The assumptions do not include margins for adverse deviations.

# Appendix E: Actuarial Basis – Hypothetical Windup Valuation

#### **Methods**

#### Asset Valuation Method

The market value of assets, adjusted for net outstanding amounts, has been used for the hypothetical windup valuation. The resulting value has been reduced by a provision for plan windup expenses.

#### Liability Calculation Method

In the event that the plan was wound-up by the Parties within the first 5 years following the conversion to a shared risk pension plan, the conversion would be void and the plan would be wound-up as a defined benefit plan under Part 1 of the *Pension Benefits Act (New Brunswick)*. This hypothetical wind-up valuation was performed under this scenario. Consequently, the hypothetical wind-up liability was calculated based on the prior plan provisions in effect on July 1, 2013 for service prior to July 1, 2013 and based on the AESRP provisions for service on or after July 1, 2013.

The hypothetical windup liability for active and disabled members was calculated as the actuarial present value of all benefits accrued up to the valuation date (treating all members as if vested). This calculation is at least equal to the member's contributions with interest.

The hypothetical windup liability for retired members and beneficiaries and terminated vested members was calculated as the actuarial present value of their respective benefits.

#### Other Considerations

The hypothetical windup actuarial valuation has been prepared on a hypothetical basis. In the event of an actual plan windup, the plan assets may have to be allocated between various classes of plan members or beneficiaries in the manner determined by the Board of Trustees in accordance with the plan provisions, the funding policy, or as required by applicable pension legislation. Such potential allocation has not been performed as part of this hypothetical windup valuation.

## **Hypothetical Windup Incremental Cost Actuarial Method**

The hypothetical windup incremental cost for a given year represents the present value, at the actuarial valuation date, of the expected aggregate change in the hypothetical windup liability during the year, increased for expected benefit payments during the year.

The hypothetical windup incremental cost reflects accrual of service, any expected changes in benefits, entitlements, members' contributions, pension formula or increases in the maximum pension limits, and projected pensionable earnings during the year.

The hypothetical windup incremental cost has been calculated for the year following the actuarial valuation date as the projected hypothetical windup liability at the end of the year, minus the hypothetical windup liability at the beginning of the year, increased for expected benefit payments during the year. Each of these amounts is discounted to the actuarial valuation date using the projected hypothetical windup liability discount rate.

The method used to calculate the projected hypothetical windup liability at the end of the year is the same as used in the hypothetical windup valuation.

# **Actuarial Assumptions**

	July 1, 2015	July 1, 2014
<b>Economic Assumptions (per annum)</b>	•	• ,
Liability discount rate		
<ul> <li>Annuity purchase</li> </ul>	2.80%	3.30%
<ul> <li>Commuted value</li> </ul>	N/A	N/A
Pension increases	See notes below <sup>1</sup>	See notes below <sup>2</sup>
Escalation of <i>Income Tax Act (Canada)</i> maximum pension limitation	Nil	Nil
Rate of inflation		
<ul> <li>Annuity purchase</li> </ul>	3.50%	3.60%
<ul> <li>Commuted value</li> </ul>	N/A	N/A
<b>Demographic Assumptions</b>		
Mortality	1994 Uninsured Pensioner Mortality Table, projected generationally using Scale AA	1994 Uninsured Pensioner Mortality Table, projected generationally using Scale AA
Disability incidence/recovery	Nil	Nil
Retirement/pension commencement	Described in detail on page E-5	Described in detail on page E-5
Other		
Percentage of members with eligible spouses at pension commencement and electing joint and survivor pension form	90%	90%
Years male spouse older than female spouse	3	3
Percentage of members receiving settlement by commuted value	0%	0%
Provision for expenses	\$400,000	\$400,000

#### Notes:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> For annuity purchase: 3.50% per annum for pension accrued up to June 30, 2004, 0.75% for pension accrued from July 1, 2004 onward.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> For annuity purchase: 3.60% per annum for pension accrued up to June 30, 2004, 0.75% for pension accrued from July 1, 2004 onward.

#### **Rationale for Actuarial Assumptions**

The rationale for the material actuarial assumptions used in the hypothetical windup valuation is summarized below.

The actuarial assumptions used in the hypothetical windup valuation do not include margins for adverse deviations.

#### Liability discount rate

In the event of a plan windup, it is expected that all liabilities will be settled by a group annuity purchase.

The liability discount rate corresponds to an approximation of the annuity purchase rates as at the actuarial valuation date following application of the relevant guidance on assumptions for solvency and hypothetical windup valuations issued by the Canadian Institute of Actuaries' committee on Pension Plan Financial Reporting. Effective June 30, 2013, the guidance was revised to reflect the duration of the liabilities for non-indexed benefits assumed to be settled by group annuity purchase in the approximation of the annuity purchase rate. The duration of the liabilities assumed to be settled through the purchase of non-indexed annuities is 18.9. As this duration is outside the range of durations covered in the guidance, we have used the annuity purchase rate approximation for a high duration block of annuities.

#### Rate of inflation

For the benefits that are expected to be settled by a group annuity purchase, the assumption has been set following application of the relevant guidance on assumptions for solvency and hypothetical windup valuations issued by the Canadian Institute of Actuaries' committee on Pension Plan Financial Reporting.

#### Escalation of Income Tax Act (Canada) maximum pension limitation

The *Income Tax Act (Canada)* maximum pension limitation specified in the Act as at the actuarial valuation date is applied without consideration for future scheduled increases, as pension entitlements are determined as at the actuarial valuation date.

#### Pension increases

The assumption has been determined by applying the post-retirement increase specified in plan provisions in effect on July 1, 2013 to the inflation assumption.

#### Mortality

The assumption has been set following application of the relevant guidance on assumptions for solvency and hypothetical windup valuations issued by the Canadian Institute of Actuaries' committee on Pension Plan Financial Reporting. No pre-retirement mortality has been assumed in order to approximate the value of pre-retirement death benefits.

#### Retirement/pension commencement

- Active and disabled members: pension commences at the age that produces the highest actuarial value
- Terminated vested members: pension commences at the age that produces the highest actuarial value.

This is consistent with the expected assumption that would have been used by insurers to price the group annuity.

Percentage of members with eligible spouses at pension commencement and electing joint and survivor pension form

See rationale for funding policy assumptions in Appendix C.

#### Years male spouse older than female spouse

See rationale for funding policy assumptions in Appendix C.

#### Percentage of members receiving settlement by commuted value

This assumption has been determined by considering the plan provisions in effect on July 1, 2013, legislative requirements to offer specific settlement options to various classes of members, and, in particular, the options to be provided to members upon plan windup.

#### Provision for expenses

Allowance was made for normal administrative, actuarial, legal and other costs which would be incurred if the plan were to be wound up (excluding costs relating to the resolution of surplus or deficit issues). The actuarial valuation is premised on a scenario in which the employer continues to operate after the windup date. In establishing the allowance for plan windup costs, certain administrative costs were assumed to be paid from the pension fund (consistent with past practice) while other costs were assumed to be borne directly by the University of New Brunswick.

## **Hypothetical Windup Incremental Cost Actuarial Assumptions**

### **Demographic and Benefit Projection Actuarial Assumptions**

No allowance has been made for mortality, withdrawal, retirement, disability incidence/recovery and new entrants between the current actuarial valuation date and next actuarial valuation date in the demographic projections on the basis that such assumptions would not have a material impact on the solvency incremental cost.

#### **Hypothetical Windup Liability Projection Actuarial Assumptions**

The assumptions for the hypothetical windup liability projections for purposes of calculating the hypothetical windup incremental cost are the same assumptions as those used in the hypothetical windup valuation described previously.

# Appendix F: Membership Data

# **Summary of Membership Data**

#### **Active and Disabled Members**

	July 1, 2015	July 1, 2014
Number	599	603
Average age	51.1	51.2
Average credited service 1	12.6	12.4
Total pensionable salary <sup>2</sup>	\$ 76,194,688	\$ 73,952,443
Average pensionable salary <sup>2</sup>	\$ 127,203	\$ 122,641
Accrued pension <sup>1</sup>	\$ 13,546,256	\$ 13,340,261
Marriage breakdown offset	\$ 105,171	\$ 94,446
Net Accrued pension <sup>1</sup>	\$ 13,441,085	\$ 13,245,815

#### Notes:

#### Comment:

The following distribution relates to active and disabled members. The following meanings have been assigned to age and credited service:

Age Age as at July 1, 2015

Service Credited service as at July 1, 2015

Pensionable salary Annual pensionable salary as at July 1, 2015

Excluding credited service under the Public Service Shared Risk Plan (the "PSSRP").

Pensionable salary is capped at \$177,449 in 2015 and \$174,306 in 2014.

#### **Active and Disabled Members**

Service										
Age		0 - 4	5 - 9	10 - 14	15 - 19	20 - 24	25 - 29	30 - 34	35 +	Tota
< 25	Number									
	Average Salary									
25 - 29	Number	7								7
	Average Salary	69,342								69,342
30 - 34	Number	29	2							31
	Average Salary	90,631	*							,
35 - 39	Number	34	18	1						53
	Average Salary	90,072	101,607	*						,
40 - 44	Number	21	38	19	2					80
	Average Salary	97,953	105,815	121,819	*					,
45 - 49	Number	12	18	41	16					87
	Average Salary	110,146	118,083	130,839	137,087					126,495
50 - 54	Number	11	16	36	21	21				105
	Average Salary	100,978	109,687	130,562	144,472	150,847				131,121
55 - 59	Number	6	10	21	24	51				112
	Average Salary	105,073	130,343	134,710	141,938	156,129				144,035
60 - 64	Number	8	6	13	15	53				95
	Average Salary	120,857	124,856	133,490	146,005	154,823				145,729
65 – 69	Number			4	3	19				26
	Average Salary			142,660	138,907	161,084				155,690
70 +	Number					3				3
	Average Salary					152,903				152,903
Total	Number	128	108	135	81	147				599
	Average Salary	95,804	*	*	*	155,478				127,203

Average Age = 51.1

Average Service = 12.6

#### **Retired Members and Beneficiaries**

	July 1, 2015	July 1, 2014
Number	484	468
Average age	72.9	72.4
Total lifetime annual pension	\$ 10,885,192	\$ 10,099,834
Average lifetime annual pension	\$ 22,490	\$ 21,581
Number of temporary annual pension payable from 55 to 60	10	12
Total temporary annual pension payable from age 55 to 60	\$ 135,503	\$ 217,742
Number of temporary annual pension payable from 60 to 65	37	32
Total temporary annual pension payable from 60 to 65	\$ (92,027)	\$ (86,084

#### **Terminated Vested and Non-Vested Members**

	J	luly 1, 2015	July 1, 2014
Terminated vested members:			
<ul><li>Number</li></ul>		87	64
<ul> <li>Average age</li> </ul>		51.7	53.0
<ul> <li>Total annual pension</li> </ul>	\$	755,026	\$ 511,594
<ul> <li>Average annual pension</li> </ul>	\$	8,678	\$ 7,994
Terminated non-vested members: 1			
<ul><li>Number</li></ul>		28	20
<ul> <li>Average age</li> </ul>		45.7	44.7

#### Note:

Benefits payable in respected of terminated non-vested members have been excluded from total assets, as described in Appendix B.

### **Review of Membership Data**

The membership data were supplied by the University of New Brunswick's third-party administrator, Morneau Shepell, as at July 1, 2015.

The membership data have been relied upon by Willis Towers Watson following tests for reasonableness and found to be sufficient and reliable for the purposes of the actuarial valuations. Elements of the data review included the following:

- ensuring that the data were intelligible (i.e., that an appropriate number of records was obtained, that the appropriate data fields were provided and that the data fields contained valid information);
- preparation and review of membership reconciliations to ascertain that the complete membership of the pension plan was accounted for;
- review of consistency of individual data items and statistical summaries between the current actuarial valuation and the previous actuarial valuation;
- review of reasonableness of individual data items, statistical summaries and changes in such information since the previous actuarial valuation date; and
- comparison of the membership data and the plan's financial statements for consistency.

However, the tests conducted as part of the membership data review may not have captured certain deficiencies in the data. We have also relied on the certification of the plan administrator as to the quality of the data.

# **Membership Reconciliation**

As at July 1, 2014	603
New entrants	55
Retirements	(18)
Terminations:	· - /
<ul> <li>Without vested benefit</li> </ul>	(12)
<ul> <li>With lump sum settlement</li> </ul>	(3)
<ul> <li>With deferred pension entitlement</li> </ul>	(26)
Deaths:	,
<ul> <li>Without vested benefit</li> </ul>	0
<ul> <li>With lump sum settlement</li> </ul>	0
<ul> <li>With survivor's pension</li> </ul>	0
Data corrections	0
As at July 1, 2015	599
etired members and beneficiaries	
As at July 1, 2014	468
New retirements	21
New beneficiaries	5
Deaths:	
<ul> <li>Without survivor's pension</li> </ul>	(6)
<ul> <li>With survivor's pension</li> </ul>	(5)
Data corrections	1
As at July 1, 2015	484

Те	rminated Vested Members	
	As at July 1, 2014	64
	New vested terminations (including from non-vested group)	26
•	Lump sum settlements	0
	Retirements	(3)
•	Deaths:	, ,
	<ul> <li>With lump sum settlement</li> </ul>	0
	<ul> <li>With survivor's pension</li> </ul>	0
•	Re-employed	0
•	Data corrections	0
•	As at July 1, 2015	87
Те	rminated Non-Vested Members	
•	As at July 1, 2014	20
•	New non-vested terminations	12
•	New deaths with lump sum settlement outstanding	0
•	With deferred pension entitlement	0
•	Re-employed	0
•	Lump sum settlements	(4)
•	Data corrections	0
•	As at July 1, 2015	28

# Appendix G: Summary of Plan Provisions

The following is an outline of the principal features of the plan which are of financial significance to valuing the plan benefits. This summary is based on the most recently restated plan document and does not make any provisions for the possibility that a change or action (retroactive or otherwise) could be imposed by order of a regulatory body or a court. It is not a complete description of the plan terms and should not be relied upon for administration or interpretation of benefits. For a detailed description of the benefits, please refer to the plan text.

#### Plan Effective Date

July 1, 2013

#### **Date of Last Amendment**

Not applicable

#### **Definitions**

#### Conversion Date

July 1, 2013

#### Plan Membership

Means the period of continuous service on and after January 1, 1993 while a member of the plan or the Pension Plan for Academic Employees of the University of New Brunswick prior to the Conversion Date.

#### Pensionable Salary

The normal salary (including administrative stipends) received by a member from the University of New Brunswick.

#### Indexed Pensionable Salary

Pensionable Salary adjusted to reflect any Base CPI COLA granted by the Board of Trustees and Indexed PTR Adjustments credited between the date the Pensionable Salary was received and the relevant date of determination. Indexed PTR Adjustments are credited in years that the member's

Indexed Pensionable Salary does not exceed the Indexed Professor Salary Ceiling and the member actually receives a PTR Adjustment.

#### Maximum Pensionable Salary

#### For service before July 1, 2013:

for a given calendar year shall be equal to (a) divided by (b), where:

- a) is the sum of (i) the maximum pension limit set forth in the Income Tax Act (Canada) and Regulations in respect of one year of service, and (ii) 0.7% of the YMPE for that calendar year; and
- b) is 2.0%.

#### For service on or after July 1, 2013:

for a given calendar year shall be equal to (a) divided by (b), where:

- a) is the sum of (i) the maximum pension limit set forth in the Income Tax Act (Canada) and Regulations in respect of one year of service, and (ii) 0.7% of the YMPE for that calendar year; and
- b) is 1.8%.

#### Best Average Pensionable Salary at Conversion

The average annual Pensionable Salary of the member during the 60 consecutive months in which Pensionable Salary were highest determined at the Conversion Date.

#### Indexed Best Average Pensionable Salary at Conversion

The Best Average Pensionable Salary at Conversion, adjusted to reflect any Base CPI COLA that has been granted by the Board of Trustees and Indexed PTR Adjustments credited between the Conversion Date and the relevant date of determination. Indexed PTR Adjustments are credited for any year that the member's Indexed Best Average Pensionable Salary at Conversion does not exceed the Indexed Professor Salary Ceiling and the Member actually receives a PTR Adjustment.

#### **YMPE**

The Year's Maximum Pensionable Earnings as defined under the Canada Pension Plan.

#### Indexed YMPE

YMPE adjusted to reflect any Base CPI COLA that has been granted by the Board of Trustees.

#### Average Year's Maximum Pensionable Earnings (YMPE) at Conversion

Average of the YMPE in 2013 and the immediately preceding two years.

#### Indexed Average YMPE at Conversion

Average YMPE at Conversion adjusted to reflect Base CPI COLA that has been granted by the Board of Trustees.

#### PTR Adjustment

Annualized amount of PTR related salary increase determined in accordance with the collective agreement in effect on the date of determination.

#### Indexed PTR Adjustment

The lesser of:

- a) PTR Adjustment in effect immediately prior to the Conversion Date, adjusted to reflect any Base CPI COLA and PTR Recapture that has been granted by the Board of Trustees; and
- b) PTR Adjustment in effect on the date of determination.

#### Indexed Professor Salary Ceiling

The lesser of:

- a) The salary ceiling of the rank of professor in effect immediately prior to the Conversion Date, adjusted to reflect Base CPI COLA and PTR Recapture granted by the Board of Trustees; and
- b) The salary ceiling of the rank of professor in effect on the date of determination, in accordance with the collective agreement in effect at that date.

#### Base COLA

A type of COLA that may be granted by the Board of Trustees in accordance with the funding policy. Base COLA is comprised of Base Pension COLA and Base CPI COLA.



#### Base Pension COLA

The Base COLA that may be granted by the Board of Trustees in accordance with the funding policy for members who are receiving a pension or have terminated employment at the relevant date.

The amount of eligible Base Pension COLA for a given year is determined based on the target indexing formula, which varies by period of Pensionable Service, as follows:

Pensionable Service	Target Indexing Formula
prior to July 1, 2003	Increase in CPI in latest year, to a maximum of 6.0%
between July 1, 2003 and June 30, 2004	Increase in CPI in latest year, to a maximum of 4.5%
from July 1, 2004	(i) Increase in CPI in latest year, to a maximum of 0.5%; plus
	(ii) the lesser of:
	a) excess average investment return over 7.75%; and
	b) excess of the 3 years average percentage increase in the CPI over the increase in (i)

Increase in CPI is determined as the rate of increase in the average Consumer Price Index (CPI) for the 12-months ending June 30<sup>th</sup> of the current year over the average CPI for the 12-months ending June 30<sup>th</sup> of the previous year.

The eligible Base Pension COLA determined for a given year based on the target indexing formula described above may only be partially granted or waived depending on the funding excess available and the funding excess utilization priorities specified in the plan's funding policy.

Any Base Pension COLA granted based on the available funding excess as at July 1<sup>st</sup> of a given year shall increase pensions effective as of January 1<sup>st</sup> of the following calendar year. Such Base Pension COLA will apply to all pensions, including spouses' pensions and deferred pensions. Deferred pensions are increased both before and after normal retirement. Increases are pro-rated for members retiring in the year prior to when the increase is granted.

#### Base CPI COLA

The Base COLA that may be granted by the Board of Trustees in accordance with the funding policy for members who are accruing benefits at the relevant date.

The amount of eligible Base CPI COLA for a given year is determined as 100% of increase in the average CPI for the 12-months ending June 30<sup>th</sup> of the current year over the average CPI for the 12-months ending June 30<sup>th</sup> of the previous year.

The eligible Base CPI COLA determined for a given year may only be partially granted or waived depending on the funding excess available and the funding excess utilization priorities specified in the plan's funding policy.

Any Base CPI COLA granted based on the available funding excess as at July 1<sup>st</sup> of a given year will apply, effective as of January 1<sup>st</sup> of the following calendar year, to the following:

- The member's Indexed Best Average Pensionable Salary at Conversion, excluding any Indexed PTR Adjustments;
- The member's Indexed Pensionable Salary in respect of each year since the Conversion Date, excluding any Indexed PTR Adjustments;
- The Indexed Average YMPE at Conversion;
- The Indexed YMPE in respect of each year since the Conversion Date;
- The Indexed PTR Adjustment in effect at the beginning of the year; and
- The Indexed Professor Salary Ceiling in effect at the beginning of the year.

#### PTR Recapture

A type of COLA that may be granted by the Board of Trustees in accordance with the funding policy, after all eligible Base COLA has been granted.

The eligible PTR Recapture is the amount necessary to increase the Indexed PTR adjustment and the Indexed Professor Salary Ceiling to the actual PTR Adjustment and salary ceiling of the rank of professor, respectively, in effect at the relevant date.

Any such increases are subject to the maximum increases allowed by applicable legislation.



#### **Eligibility for Membership**

A full-time academic employee shall become a member of the plan on the effective date, or date of hire if later.

A part-time academic employee may elect to become a member of the plan on a voluntary basis, subject to completion of minimum earnings conditions for two consecutive years.

#### **Member Contributions**

Each member who is an academic employee is required to contribute at the rates specified in the plan. The initial contribution rates specified in the plan may be adjusted by the Board of Trustees from time to time, subject to the triggering mechanism and limitations imposed by the funding policy. However, the initial contribution rates for each member who is an academic employee shall not be increased or decreased by an amount greater than 2.25% of Pensionable Salary, unless required in accordance with the Income Tax Act (Canada).

Contributions are limited to Pensionable Salary up to the Maximum Pensionable Salary.

The contribution requirements for the University of New Brunswick shall, at all times, be equal to the total of the Members' contributions, including any adjustments which may be made to the initial contribution rates.

#### **Normal Retirement**

#### **Eligibility**

Normal retirement date is the June 30 next following the member's 65<sup>th</sup> birthday.

#### **Annual Pension**

Members who retired prior to the Conversion Date, surviving spouses or beneficiaries in receipt of a pension prior to the Conversion Date, and members with a deferred pension entitlement prior to the Conversion Date receive an annual pension under this plan equal to the amount of pension paid or payable at the Conversion Date, plus all Base COLAs granted by the Board of Trustees.

Members who retire, terminate employment or die prior to terminating employment on or after the Conversion Date receive an annual pension under this plan equal to the sum of:

for each year of pensionable service related to the periods of service before July 1, 2007, the sum of:

- (i) 1.3% of the member's Indexed Best Average Pensionable Salary at Conversion up to the Indexed Average YMPE at Conversion; plus
- (ii) 2.0% of the member's Indexed Best Average Pensionable Salary at Conversion in excess of the Indexed Average YMPE at Conversion; plus
- for each year of pensionable service related to the periods of service between July 1, 2007 to June 30, 2013, the sum of:
  - (i) 1.0% of the member's Indexed Best Average Pensionable Salary at Conversion up to the Indexed Average YMPE at Conversion; plus
  - (ii) 1.7% of the member's Indexed Best Average Pensionable Salary at Conversion up to the Maximum Pensionable Salary at the date of determination in excess of the Indexed Average YMPE at Conversion; plus
- for each year of pensionable service on or after the Conversion Date, the sum of:
  - (i) 1.1% of the member's Indexed Pensionable Salary up to the Indexed YMPE; plus
  - (ii) 1.8% of the member's Indexed Pensionable Salary up to the Maximum Pensionable Salary at the date of determination in excess of the Indexed YMPE; and
- all Base Pension COLAs granted by the Board of Trustees following the member's date of retirement, termination of employment or death prior to termination of employment, as applicable.

#### **Maximum Pension**

The pension payable under the plan is subject to the maximum limits set forth in the *Income Tax Act* (*Canada*) and Regulations or such higher amount as permitted from time to time.

#### **Regular Early Retirement**

#### Eligibility

Any time within 10 years of normal retirement date.

#### Annual Pension

Eligible to receive a pension calculated the same way as a normal retirement pension, except that:

- For years of pensionable service prior to the Conversion Date: the pension is reduced by 5/12 of 1% for each month between the date of retirement and the member's 65th birthday (or the actuarially equivalent pension if higher); and
- For years of pensionable service after the Conversion Date: the pension is reduced on an actuarial equivalent basis.

#### Unreduced Early Retirement for years of service before the Conversion Date

#### Eligibility

Eligible to receive an unreduced early retirement pension if the member's combined years of age and eligible service (pensionable service plus service counted as pensionable service under the PSSRP for those who joined this plan prior to February 28, 2009) total 85 or more.

#### Annual Pension

Eligible to receive an unreduced early retirement pension which equal to:

- a) for each year of pensionable service before the Conversion Date, the pension calculated in the same way as a normal retirement pension; plus
- b) a temporary pension equal to 0.7% of the member's Indexed Best Average Pensionable Salary at Conversion up to the Indexed Average YMPE at Conversion for the periods of pensionable service prior to the Conversion Date and payable to age 60.
- c) for each year of pensionable service under the PSSRP, the excess of:
  - the pension determined in (a) above, over
  - the pension actually paid under the PSSRP.

A member is also eligible to receive an unreduced early retirement pension if he or she has served as a deputy head as defined under the PSSRP for at least one year, has completed 25 years of pensionable service prior to the Conversion Date under the PSSRP and this plan, and has attained age 55.

#### **Normal Form of Pension**

The pension shall be payable during the lifetime of the member and shall continue after the member's death in accordance with the following provision:

■ The pension payable to the surviving spouse is equal to 60% of the member's accrued pension, payable for the lifetime of the spouse.

#### Termination of Employment

#### Eligibility

Employment terminates after completing two years of plan membership under the plan.

#### **Annual Pension**

Eligible to a deferred pension commencing at normal retirement date equal to the pension accrued at the date of termination adjusted for Base Pension COLAs granted by the Board of Trustees since termination. Such a member may elect to start receiving pension payments on the first day of any month within 10 years preceding normal retirement date. In that case, the amount of early retirement pension will be equal to the normal retirement pension reduced by 5/12 of 1% for each month preceding normal retirement date for periods of service prior to the Conversion Date and to the actuarial equivalent pension for period of service on or after the Conversion Date. The amount of deferred pension is also subject to the minimum requirements of New Brunswick pension legislation.

Such a member may elect to leave his or her entitlements in the plan or, if not entitled to an immediate early retirement pension, transfer the termination value to a subsequent employer's pension plan, to an individual Registered Retirement Saving arrangement or to purchase a lifetime pension.

Any other terminating member is entitled to a refund of his or her contributions with interest.

#### **Pre-retirement Death Benefit**

The benefits payable on or after the death of a member before retirement are guaranteed to be at least equal to the member's contributions with interest. For periods of service prior to the Conversion Date, subject to a minimum of two years of plan membership, the surviving spouse's pension payable should be at least equal to the greater of:

- a) 60% of the value of the member's accrued pension entitlement; or
- b) 100% of the termination value of the deferred pension to which the member was entitled.



For periods of service on or after the Conversion Date, the surviving spouse's pension payable should be equal to 100% of the termination value of the deferred pension to which the member was entitled.

#### **Disability Benefit**

The period during which a member is absent on account of disability and receives a disability benefit from a long term disability plan established by the University of New Brunswick shall be deemed to be pensionable service. A member who is absent on account of such a disability shall be treated as a full-time academic employee or a part-time academic employee, depending on the member's employment status at the date of disability.

A member shall not be required to make contributions to the plan during such period.

#### **Termination Value**

The termination value of the member's entitlements corresponds to the funding policy liability for that member times the Termination Value Funded Ratio in accordance with Applicable Legislation.

#### **Special Provisions on Plan Windup**

There are no special benefits payable on plan windup, other than those prescribed by legislation.

### **Historical COLA Granted by the Board of Trustee**

Effective date	New Eligible Base Pension COLA			
	New Eligible Base CPI COLA	For benefits in respect of service prior to June 30, 2004	For benefits in respect of service on or after July 1, 2004	% of Eligible Base COLA granted <sup>1</sup>
January 1, 2014	N/A	0.96%	0.50%	100%
January 1, 2015	1.43%	1.43%	1.34%	100%
January 1, 2016	1.49%	1.49%	1.29%	100%

#### Note:

<sup>%</sup> of Eligible Base COLA granted on the effective date is in respect of current year new Eligible Base COLA and past Eligible Base COLA not yet granted by the Board of Trustees.

# Historical Indexed PTR Adjustment and Indexed Professor Salary Ceiling <sup>1</sup>

Effective date	Indexed PTR Adjustment	Indexed Professor Salary Ceiling
July 1, 2013	\$2,784	\$150,510
July 1, 2014	\$2,784	\$152,662
July 1, 2015	\$2,784	\$159,450

#### Note:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The actual PTR Adjustment and professor salary ceiling figures are \$2,784 and \$162,000, respectively, as at July 1, 2015.

## **Funding Policy**

#### **Funding Deficit Recovery Plan**

Triggered when the open group funded ratio drops below 100% in two successive actuarial valuation reports. The following actions must be taken prior to any other:

- 1. Increase Member and employer contributions equally, subject to funding policy limits; and
- 2. Reduce base benefits (required only if the primary risk management goal is not met following the maximum permitted contribution increase), subject to the following conditions:
  - Base benefits must be reduced in equal proportion for all members; and
  - As soon as funding position improves, any reductions to base benefits must be reversed.

#### **Funding Excess Utilization Plan**

Triggered when the open group funded ratio exceeds 105%. The funding excess available for benefit improvements is defined by the plan's funding policy as:

- 17% of the funding excess between funding levels 105% and 140%; and
- 100% of any funding excess above a 140% funding level.

The following actions must be taken prior to any other:

- 1. Reverse any previous reductions to base benefits;
- 2. Remove any contribution increases in effect;
- 3. Provide Base COLA; and
- 4. After the above priorities have been met:
  - A. 50% of any available funding excess will be used to provide PTR Recapture.
  - B. 50% of any available funding excess above a 140% funding level shall be used to reduce contributions in accordance with the funding policy limits.

# Appendix H: Open Group Funded Ratio and Termination Value Funded Ratio

Open Group Funded Ratio	July 1, 2015 <sup>1</sup>
Funding Policy Value of Assets	\$ 374,217,101
Funding Policy Liability	\$ 320,751,969
Open Group Funded Ratio	116.7%
Termination Value Funded Ratio	
Market Value of Assets	\$ 289,514,278
Funding Policy Liability	\$ 320,751,969
Termination Value Funded Ratio	90.3%

#### Note:

#### Comment:

■ The funding policy value of assets includes the present value of future excess contributions.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> After application of the funding policy.

# Appendix I: Certificate of the Board of Trustees

I hereby certify that to the best of my knowledge and belief:

- the significant terms of engagement contained in Appendix A of this report are accurate and reflect the plan administrator's judgement of the plan provisions and/or an appropriate basis for the actuarial valuation of the plan;
- the information on plan assets forwarded to Société Towers Watson Canada inc. and summarized in Appendix B of this report is complete and accurate;
- the outstanding contributions of \$471,000 as at July 1, 2015 have been contributed to the plan;
- the data forwarded to Société Towers Watson Canada inc. and summarized in Appendix F of this report are a complete and accurate description of all persons who are members of the plan, including beneficiaries who are in receipt of a retirement income, in respect of service up to the date of the actuarial valuation;
- the summary of plan provisions contained in Appendix G of this report is accurate; and
- Other than the events described in the Introduction section of this report, there have been no events which occurred between the actuarial valuation date and the date this actuarial valuation was completed that may have a material impact on the results of the actuarial valuation.

Luland	March 23,2016
Signature	Date
L. J. GUITARD	Co-Chair, Board of Truskes
Name	Title